

Republika e Kosovës Republika Kosova - Republic of Kosovo

> ZYRA E RREGULLATORIT PËR ENERGJI REGULATORNI URED ZA ENERGIJU ENERGY REGULATORY OFFICE



ELECTRICITY AND THERMAL ENERGY BALANCE 2020

Pristina, December 2019



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INTRUDCUTION

The Annual Balance of Electricity and Thermal Energy 2020 is compiled in accordance with Law no. 05/L-081 on Energy (Article 8), as well as the Methodology on Preparation of Electricity Balances.

This document presents the annual planning of electricity and thermal energy generation and demand as well as the forecast for import and export of electricity and losses in the transmission/transport and distribution network of electricity/ thermal energy.

The purpose of this document is to inform all interested parties on the forecast of energy demand and supply for 2020.

The basic documents used for compilation of this document were:

- Electricity Balance 2020, compiled by KOSTT;
- Annual Balance 2020, compiled by District Heating Termokos JSC, Pristina;
- Annual Balance 2020, compiled by District Heating Gjakova JSC.

The data presented in this Balance Sheet are based on the data from previous years, current development projections, and relevant documents (strategies, studies).



1 ELECTRICITY ANNUAL BALANCE 2020

The Electricity Annual Balance presents the annual planning of electricity consumption in relation to the available electricity. The Electricity Annual Balance is based on the planned demand for electricity consumption for 2020, which is forecast to be supplied by domestic generation and import of electricity. The Balance also foresees the export of electricity surpluses.

The Electricity Annual Balance contains:

- Planning of electricity generation. The plan shall contain monthly and annual values for the forecasted electricity generation, the energy used for the power plant's own consumption and the co-generation energy (TPP Kosova B);
- Planning of electricity consumption demand in the transmission and distribution network according to the structure of:
 - demand of the company for distribution of electricity;
 - demand of customers connected to 110 kV and above;
 - losses in transmission and distribution network.
- Electricity import and export plan.
- Planning of available capacities at the entry of power plants and required capacities to fulfil the demand for electricity and stability of functioning of the Electro-Energetic System (EES)
- Planning of required amount for the fuels, based on calorific values (calorific capability); for the planned amount of electricity generation from thermal power plants;
- Planning of electricity consumption for mining demand;
- Planning of production, consumption and reserves of coal and fuels;
- Planning of production and transmission equipment overhauls;
- Planning of new plants and facilities that are projected to become operational.



1.1 CAPACITIES AND ELECTRICITY GENERATION PLAN

1.1.1 Electricity installed capacities

The following is a table showing the data of the installed and operational capacities of the generating units:



Tab. 1.1 Installed and operational capacities of the generating units



Generating capacities	Year of Entry into Operation	Installed Capacity MW	Net operational MW
А3	1970	200	144
A4	1971	200	144
A5	1975	210	144
Kosova A		610	432
B1	1983	339	305
B2	1984	339	305
Kosova B		678	610
Ujmani	1981	35	32
HPP Lumbardhi 1	1957/2005	8.08	8.00
HPP Lumbardhi 2		5.4	5.20
EGU Belaja	2015	8.08	7.50
EGU Decani	2015	9.81	9.50
HPP- Kaskada e Lumbardhit		31.37	30.20
КІТКА	2018	32.40	32.40
HPP Radavci	1934/2011		0.90
HPP Burimi	1948/2011		0.85
HPP Dikanci	1957/2011/2013		3.34
HPP Brodi 1			2.48
HPP Brodi 2	2015		5.00
HPP Brodi 3			4.70
HPP Restelica 1&2	2015		2.40
HPP Restelica 3			2.35
HPP Hydroline-Albaniku I	2015		1.87
HPP Hydroline-Albaniku II	2015		3.55
HPP Hydroline-Albaniku III			4.22
Hidroenergji (Lepenci 3)			10.00
Matkos grup (HC Brezovica)			2.10
EKO Energji (HC Binqa)			0.60
HPP Sharri			6.45
HPP Vica			4.60
HPP Shterpca			5.30
RENELUAL TAHIRI LLC HPP Dragashi			3.40
RENELUAL TAHIRI LLC HPP ORQUSHA			4.00
Wind Generators (WP)	2010		1.35
Led Light Tehnology	2015		0.10
PS Birra Peja + FF Kosova	2015		6.00
Solar Green Energy	2019		3.008
PS N.t.sh. Eling	2015		0.40
Photovoltaic solar electric plant ONIX	2015		0.50
Total generating capacities			1,216.06



1.1.2 Electricity Generation Plan

The annual generation of electricity in TPPs is planned up to the value of optimum utilization of generation capacities.

Electricity provided at the entry of transmission from TPP Kosova A and TPP Kosova B is planned in an amount of **4,495 GWh**, where:

- > TPP Kosova A = **1,956.7 GWh**, at the entry of transmission.
- > TPP Kosova B = **2,538.2 GWh**, at the entry of transmission.

Consumption of TPP Kosova A and TPP Kosova B from transmission is consumption obtained from transmission for generation needs.

Annual generation of electricity from HPP Ujmani and HPP- Kaskada e Lumbardhit (HPP Lumbardhi 1, HPP Lumbardhi 2, HPP EGU Belaja and HPP EGU Deçani), and from the Wind Park KITKA (Air-Energy) which are connected to the network transmission is planned as follows:

- ➢ HPP Ujmani = 97 GWh.
- HPP-Kaskada e Lumbardhit = 105 GWh
- Wind Park KITKA=95.5 GWh

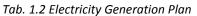
The annual generation of electricity from hydro power plants, wind sources of energy and solar panels, connected to the distribution system is planned to be in the amount of **258,6 GWh**.

The generation of electricity entering the transmission system, generated from TPP Kosova A, TPP Kosova B, HPP Ujmani, HPP Kaskada e Lumbardhit and Wind Park Kitka for 2020, is planned in an amount of **4,792.5 GWh**.

Whereas, the entire national generation, including HPPs connected to the distribution and wind generators as well as solar panels is planned in an amount of **5,051.1GWh**.



Tab. 1.2 Electricity Generation Plan													
Monthst/MWh	Total	January	Februar	y March	April	May	June	July	August	Septemb	er Octobe	r Novemb	erDecembe
TPP Kosova A – Generation at th	e e 11,19156,763	178,215	164,489	141,391	170,090	130,253	119,942	176,066	178,482	173,586	176,702	170,228	177,319
TPP Kosova B - Generation at the	en2;538,276	368,538	345,382	227,057	174,802	188,506	182,466	189,010	191,342	183,645	129,966	176,055	181,506
Others connected to Transmission	297,521	22,604	20,350	29,338	36,383	33,405	30,871	19,681	15,505	14,511	21,613	24,019	29,241
RES connected to distribution	258,603	11,613	16,156	26,982	33,160	34,170	29,162	18,980	12,921	13,196	18,159	21,680	22,424
Total Generation	5,051,163	580 971	546 377	424 767	414 436	386 334	362 441	403 737	398 250	384 938	346 441	391 981	410 490



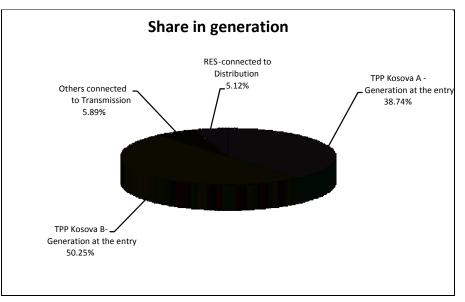


Fig. 1.1. Share of generators in generation of electricity



1.2 PLANNING OF ELECTRICITY DEMAND AND LOSSES

1.2.1 Electricity Consumption Plan

The overall demand for electricity in Kosovo for 2020, including the supply for consumption in the North of Kosovo, is estimated in an amount of **6,404** GWh. This demand is planned to include the following:

- Net demand in distribution network (household, public lighting, small businesses etc., connected at the voltage level 35 kV, 10 kV and 0.4 kV) is foreseen to be = =4150 GWh;
 Distribution Losses (including the exceeded losses) in an amount of = 1,055 GWh,
- Mining= **109** GWh
- Trepça = **26** GWh,
- Sharr Cem = **70** GWh,
- NEW.CO. FERRONIKELI = 429 GWh,
- Generation consumption from transmission 135 GWh (TPP A =109.7 GWh, TPP B= 25.8 GWh),
- System Losses (Consumption in the North of Kosovo)= **310 GWh**,
- Transmission Losses (including the exceeded losses) in an amount of = **117** GWh.

1.2.2 Electricity Losses

The planning of entire losses in the transmission system includes the losses incurred by Kosovo consumption load and losses incurred by electricity passing through transit.

Electricity Losses in the transmission network are planned to be **117 GWh** where **111.14 GWh** or **1.78%** are allowed losses, whereas **5.8 GWh** are exceeded losses.

According to the received data, **the electricity losses in the distribution network** are planned to be **1,055 GWh** of which **970.9 GWh** or **18.65%** are allowed losses, whereas **84.3 GWh** are an exceeded value of losses, taking into account the allowed level of losses from ERO.

System losses (Consumption in the North of Kosovo) is the energy consumed in the four northern municipalities of Kosovo. Currently this consumption is not covered by any party, and is treated only as a consumption forecast (Table 1.6), until any new circumstances arise.

1.2.3 Consumption and Losses in Distribution Network

(MWh)	Total	January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December
Distribution demand	4,947,585	590,905	483,577	454,038	355,204	345,827	306,947	337,318	354,107	325,979	373,424	441,695	578,565
Distributive HPPs and RES	258,603	11,613	16,156	26,982	33,160	34,170	29,162	18,980	12,921	13,196	18,159	21,680	22,424
Total distribution demand	5,206,188	602,518	499,733	481,019	388,364	379,997	336,109	356,298	367,028	339,174	391,583	463,375	600,990
Delivery													
110kV	0												
35kV	57,775	4,095	4,009	5,039	4,536	4,417	4,646	5,246	5,029	4,734	4,995	5,269	5,762
10kV	441,732	38,724	34,557	38,667	34,050	31,184	32,517	35,290	35,899	33,848	36,994	41,269	48,734
0,4kV	403,415	38,377	31,420	37,151	28,844	30,782	30,158	33,857	35,045	30,228	31,624	34,794	41,134
0.4/II kV	645,013	66,785	57,344	58,124	45,670	46,586	45,339	49,934	55,139	47,634	48,278	56,052	68,127
Household	2,573,892	287,242	230,617	241,000	195,001	196,668	179,813	188,372	193,662	179,609	194,794	218,618	268,496
Public lightning	29,103	3,009	2,815	2,698	2,382	1,917	1,888	1,812	1,859	2,120	2,543	2,833	3,227
Net distributive network	4,150,932	438,232	360,762	382,679	310,482	311,553	294,361	314,511	326,633	298,173	319,229	358,835	435,482
Distributive network of regulated consumpti	4,111,270	438,232	360,762	382,679	306,549	307,696	290,313	309,913	322,105	294,042	314,790	354,051	430,138
Technical Losses	658,688	100,280	72,390	62,700	46,584	41,937	31,868	32,551	31,477	30,595	47,625	61,264	99,416
Commercial Losses	312,243	52,230	42,459	32,923	22,979	21,857	8,655	8,509	8,501	9,457	22,255	31,392	51,025
Exceeded Losses	84,326	11,776	24,122	2,717	8,318	4,651	1,225	726	417	950	2,473	11,884	15,067
Total losses in distribution network	1,055,257	164,286	138,972	98,340	77,882	68,445	41,748	41,787	40,395	41,001	72,354	104,540	165,508
35 kV unregulated customers	39,662				3,933	3,856	4,047	4,598	4,529	4,132	4,439	4,784	5,344

Tab. 1.3 Consumption and losses in the distribution network



1.2.4 Planning of maximal and minimal charges

Charges for maximal customer power are submitted by customers separately.

Based on the basic characteristics of the system elements, the exploitation conditions and the load simulation with the PSS/E (Power System Simulation for Engineering) program, it is estimated that the transmission capacity will be **1850** MW. This applies to **Criterion N** of network elements. Whereas, for the N-1 criterion, the transmission capacity will be **1200** MW.

Customers/Charge (MW)	January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	eptembe	October	Vovembe	Decembe
Mining	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25
SharrCem JSC	10.5	11.5	11.5	11.5	11.5	11.5	11.5	11.5	11.5	11.5	11.5	10.5
Trepça	5.6	5.5	5.6	5.2	5.2	5.2	5.2	5.1	5.3	5.3	5.4	5.5
New Co Ferronikeli JSC	49	49	49	49	49	49	49	49	49	49	49	49
Direct Customers	65	66	66	66	66	66	66	66	66	66	66	65
Charge of distribution customers	1,050	930	850	730	720	600	630	650	650	740	850	1,040
Expenditures of TPP from Transmiss	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0
System Losses (North)	60.0	60.0	55.0	50.0	40.0	25.0	24.0	21.0	30.0	40.0	50.0	65.0
Transmission Losses (technical)	38.0	31.0	31.0	21.0	24.0	17.0	18.0	20.0	22.0	28.0	29.0	38.0
Minimal System Charge	550	471	363	357	315	283	323	326	287	347	411	480
Maximal System Charge	1,258	1,132	1,047	912	895	753	783	802	813	919	1,040	1,253

Tab. 1.4 Planning of maximal and minimal charges

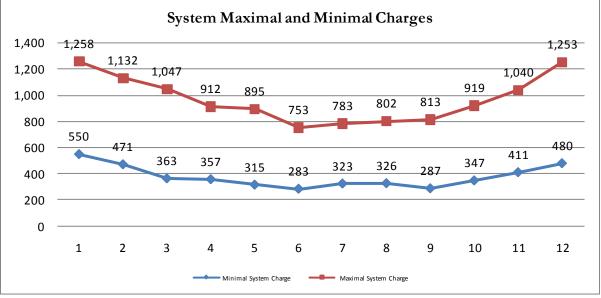


Fig. 1.2. Maximal and Minimal Charges



1.2.5 The planned import of electricity

Through this balance, based on available data and experience from previous years, imports are planned for:

- Inability to cover consumption only from domestic generation, especially during winter season;
- unplanned short interruptions (failure of generating units);
- long planned outages of generating units, transmission and generating unit repairs and revisions;
- Import for universal customers and distribution losses;
- Import to supply the consumption of Ferronikeli, Sharri, Trepça, as unregulated customers;
- Import for transmission losses

The total planned import for 2020 amounts to **1451 GWh**.

Months/MWh	Total	January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	eptembe	October	Novembei	December
Import for Universal Consumption	207,463	-	-	31,727	3,403	20,403	13,532	-	-	-	36,135	23,357	78,906
Import for Distribution Losses	662,884	83,290	33,880	62,093	55,097	51,757	32,068	14,450	22,210	12,600	61,155	82,490	151,794
Import for Sharcem	70,000	2,600	5,600	6,400	6,400	6,300	6,200	6,300	6,900	6,900	7,000	5,400	4,000
Import for Trepça	26,400	2,600	2,200	2,400	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,400	2,400	2,400
Import for Ferronikel	429,240	36,456	32,928	36 <i>,</i> 456	35,280	36,456	35,280	36,456	36,456	35,280	36 <i>,</i> 456	35,280	36,456
Import for transmission losses	55,367	3,762	3,133	7,338	4,340	3,931	2,951	2,923	3,793	2,232	4,176	7,383	9,405
Total	1,451,354	128,708	77,741	146,414	106,520	120,847	92,031	62,129	71,359	59,012	147,322	156,310	282,961



1.2.6 The input of Electricity Annual Balance for 2020

MWh			January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	eptember	October	ovember	December
	Kosova A - Production at the entry of transmission	1,956,763	178,215	164,489	141,391	170,090	130,253	119,942	176,066	178,482	173,586	176,702	170,228	177,319
2	Kosova B - Production at the entry of transmission	2,538,276	368,538	345,382	227,057	174,802	188,506	182,466	189,010	191,342	183,645	129,966	176,055	181,506
3	Ujmani + Cascade of Lumbardhi+Wind Park KITKA	297,521	22,604	20,350	29,338	36,383	33,405	30,871	19,681	15,505	14,511	21,613	24,019	29,241
4	neration with HPP, wind and solar panels in Distributi	258,603	11,613	16,156	26,982	33,160	34,170	29,162	18,980	12,921	13,196	18,159	21,680	22,424
5	(1+2+3+4) National Generation	5,051,163	580,971	546,377	424,767	414,436	386,334	362,441	403,737	398,250	384,938	346,441	391,981	410,490
6	(1+2+3) Generation (entry in transmission)	4,792,560	569,358	530,221	397,785	381,276	352,164	333,279	384,757	385,329	371,743	328,282	370,301	388,066
7	Import of KESCO	870,347	83,290	33,880	93,820	58,500	72,160	45,600	14,450	22,210	12,600	97,290	105,847	230,700
	Import of Ferronikel	429,240	36,456	32,928	36,456	35,280	36,456	35,280	36,456	36,456	35,280	36,456	35,280	36,456
	Sharrcem JSC	70,000	2,600	5,600	6,400	6,400	6,300	6,200	6,300	6,900	6,900	7,000	5,400	4,000
	Import of Trepça	26,400	2,600	2,200	2,400	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,400	2,400	2,400
	Import for transmission losses	55,367	3,762	3,133	7,338	4,340	3,931	2,951	2,923	3,793	2,232	4,176	7,383	9,405
	Total import	1,451,354	128,708	77,741	146,414	106,520	120,847	92,031	62,129	71,359	59,012	147,322	156,310	282,961
8	(6+7) Energy at the entry of transmission	6,243,915	698,066	607,962	544,199	487,796	473,011	425,310	446,886	456,687	430,754	475,603	526,611	671,027
8*	(8+4) Available energy	6,502,517	709,679	624,118	571,181	520,956	507,181	454,472	465,866	469,609	443,950	493,763	548,291	693,452
g	Тгерçа	26,400	2,600	2,200	2,400	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,400	2,400	2,400
10	Sharrcemi JSC	70,000	2,600	5,600	6,400	6,400	6,300	6,200	6,300	6,900	6,900	7,000	5,400	4,000
1	NewCo Ferronikeli JSC	429,240	36,456	32,928	36,456	35,280	36,456	35,280	36,456	36,456	35,280	36,456	35,280	36,456
12	Mining	109,166	11,253	10,349	10,855	9,335	7,506	6,529	6,996	7,854	8,202	9,966	9,605	10,715
13	Expenditures of TPP from transmission	135,579	12,354	11,931	11,567	10,373	9,559	8,448	9,876	13,624	14,272	11,129	9,822	12,625
15	Total distribution losses	1,055,257	164,286	138,972	98,340	77,882	68,445	41,748	41,787	40,395	41,001	72,354	104,540	165,508
16	Net Demand in Distribution	4,150,932	438,232	360,762	382,679	310,482	311,553	294,361	314,511	326,633	298,173	319,229	358,835	435,482
17	(9+10+11+12+13+14+15+16) Net demand	5,976,573	667,780	562,741	548,698	451,752	441,818	394,566	417,926	433,862	405,828	458,533	525,882	667,186
18	Transmission Losses	111,142	12,426	10,822	9,687	8,683	8,420	7,571	7,955	8,129	7,667	8,466	9,374	11,944
19	Transmission Losses (exceeded)	5,864	1,211	799	490	0		0	391	476	336	436	725	1,000
20	Shortage	0												
21	Export	408,939	28,262	49,757	12,307	60,521	56,943	52,335	39,594	27,141	30,119	26,327	12,311	13,322
22	(17+18+19) Total demand with system losses	6,093,579	681,417	574,362	558,874	460,435	450,238	402,137	426,272	442,468	413,831	467,435	535,981	680,130
23	(20+21+22 -8*) Balance	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
24	System Losses (Consumption in the North of Kosovo)	310,464	42,324	35,005	33,927	24,597	18,924	13,880	12,260	12,348	15,459	26,176	32,787	42,776
25	Total demand	6,404,043	723,741	609,366	592,801	485,032	469,162	416,016	438,532	454,815	429,290	493,611	568,768	722,906



1.3 THE DYNAMICS OF GENERATION AND CONSUMPTION OF COAL, OIL AND HEAVY FUEL OIL

КЕК	Coa	l Productic	on	Coal cons	umption				Warehouse/	Varehouse /	Varehouse <mark>E</mark>	
	Sitnica	SJP	Total	TPP A	TPP B	TPP A+B	Market*	Demand	500 000	200 000	300 000	
1	0	740 000	740 000	290 196	524 742	814 939	12 000	826 939	427 884	171 154	256 730	
2	0	670 000	670 000	267 741	489 760	757 500	13 000	770 500	336 003	134 401	201 602	
3	0	550 000	550 000	228 011	323 591	551 602	15 000	566 602	322 491	128 996	193 495	
4	0	550 000	550 000	279 832	244 880	524 712	20 000	544 712	321 856	128 742	193 114	
5	0	500 000	500 000	210 738	262 371	473 109	20 000	493 109	329 843	131 937	197 906	
6	0	500 000	500 000	195 191	253 625	448 817	20 000	468 817	362 046	144 819	217 228	
7	0	560 000	560 000	290 196	262 371	552 567	20 000	572 567	344 039	137 615	206 423	
8	0	550 000	550 000	291 924	262 371	554 295	20 000	574 295	314 276	125 710	188 566	
9	0	560 000	560 000	279 832	253 625	533 458	20 000	553 458	315 219	126 088	189 132	
10	0	550 000	550 000	288 469	183 660	472 129	15 000	487 129	369 758	147 903	221 855	
11	0	550 000	550 000	279 832	253 625	533 458	15 000	548 458	365 702	146 281	219 421	
12	0	690 000	690 000	288 469	262 371	550 840	10 000	560 840	499 979	199 992	299 987	
Total	0	6970 000	6970 000	##########	##########	#########	200 000	#########				

Tab. 1.7 Planning of coal production, consumption and reserves

Specific coal consumption for TPP A=1,52 t/MW; whereas for TPP B=1,267 t/MW

Oil reserves and consumption for the generators A3+A4+A5	Total [lit.]	January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	Septembe	October	November	December
Oil consumption	2,518,761	229,102	211,374	180,009	220,920	166,372	154,099	229,102	230,466	220,920	227,739	220,920	227,739
Oil reserves		199,126	175,693	163,248	184,613	164,442	151,653	183,717	191,725	177,148	196,564	188,751	176,986

Tab. 1.9. Planning of heavy fuel oil consumption and reserves



BILANCI VJETOR I ENERGJISË ELEKTRIKE DHE TERMIKE PËR VITIN 2020

Heavy fuel oil consumption and reserves for the generators	Total [ton]	January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	Septembe	October	November	December
Heavy fuel oil consumption	2,600	381	356	235	178	191	184	191	191	184	134	184	191
Heavy fuel oil reserves		1,560	1,560	1,350	1,350	1,350	1,350	1,350	1,350	1,350	1,380	1,560	1,600



1.4 EMISSION OF AIR POLLUTANTS FROM TPP KOSOVA A AND TPP KOSOVA B

The main air pollutants from power plants are the following combustion products:

- ash (dust particles)
- gasSO₂
- gas NOx
- -gas CO₂

Tab. 1.10 Specific em	issions from	трр	Κοςονα Δ
Tub. 1.10 Specific em	13310113 11 0111		NUSUVU A

	·		тс				
Month	Realized gross generation of Œ [MWh]	Consumed coal [t]	Ash production (t) Average 0.257(t/MW)	SO [kg] Average 2.512 [kg/MWh]	NOx [kg] Average.3.530 [kg/MWh]	CO [kg] Averafe. 1263.3 [kg/MWh]	Emission of ash particles (kg) Average.0.216(kg/MW h)
1	190 919	290 196	49 066	479 587	673 943	241 187 417	41 238
2	176 145	267 741	45 269	442 476	621 792	222 524 105	38 047
3	150 007	228 011	38 552	376 819	529 526	189 504 399	32 402
4	184 100	279 832	47 314	462 459	649 873	232 573 581	39 766
5	138 643	210 738	35 631	348 272	489 411	175 148 005	29 947
6	128 415	195 191	33 003	322 580	453 307	162 227 251	27 738
7	190 919	290 196	49 066	479 587	673 943	241 187 417	41 238
8	192 055	291 924	49 358	482 442	677 954	242 623 056	41 484
9	184 100	279 832	47 314	462 459	649 873	232 573 581	39 766
10	189 782	288 469	48 774	476 733	669 931	239 751 777	40 993
11	184 100	279 832	47 314	462 459	649 873	232 573 581	39 766
12	189 782	288 469	48 774	476 733	669 931	239 751 777	40 993
1 to 12	2 098 968	3 190 431	539 435	5 272 607	7 409 356	2651 625 946	453 377

Tab. 1.11 Specific Emissions from TPP Kosova B

	TPP KOSOVA B										
Month	Realized gross generation of EE [MWh]	Consumed coal [t]	Ash production (t) Average.0.179(t/M W)	SO [kg] Average.2.55 7 [kg/MWh]	NOx [kg] Average .3.354 [kg/MWh]	CO [kg] Average.1075 [kg/MWh]	Emission of ash particles (kg) Average.2.52(kg/MW h)				
1	414 161	524 742	74 135	1 059 010	1 389 097	445 223 376	1 043 686				
2	386 551	489 760	69 193	988 410	1 296 490	415 541 818	974 107				
3	255 399	323 591	45 717	653 056	856 610	274 554 415	643 607				
4	193 275	244 880	34 596	494 205	648 245	207 770 909	487 054				
5	207 081	262 371	37 067	529 505	694 548	222 611 688	521 843				
6	200 178	253 625	35 832	511 855	671 397	215 191 298	504 448				
7	207 081	262 371	37 067	529 505	694 548	222 611 688	521 843				
8	207 081	262 371	37 067	529 505	694 548	222 611 688	521 843				
9	200 178	253 625	35 832	511 855	671 397	215 191 298	504 448				
10	144 956	183 660	25 947	370 654	486 184	155 828 182	365 290				
11	200 178	253 625	35 832	511 855	671 397	215 191 298	504 448				
12	207 081	262 371	37 067	529 505	694 548	222 611 688	521 843				
1 to 12	2 823 199	3 576 994	505 353	7 218 921	9 469 011	3034 939 346	7 114 462				



1.5 PLANNING THE REPAIRS AND REVISIONS OF GENERATING CAPACITIES

ТРР	Generator A3			Ger	nerator A4		Generator A5		
KOSOVA A	From	То	Day s	From	То	Day s	From	То	Day s
Revision	19.03.202	31.03.202		01.09.202	12.09.202		17.02.202	29.02.202	
Revision	0	0	13	0	0	12	0	0	13
Revision	18.10.202	31.10.202		01.12.202	12.12.202		19.08.202	31.08.202	
Revision	0	0	14	0	0	12	0	0	13
Revision	19.12.202	31.12.202					01.11.202	12.11.202	
	0	0	13				0	0	12
р [.]	01.07.202	31.07.202		01.03.202	18.06.202		15.05.202	15.06.202	
Repair	0	0	31	0	0	110	0	0	32
Reserve	01.08.202	18.08.202		4 04 2020	16.02.202		16.06.202	30.06.202	
Keserve	0	0	18	1.01.2020	0	47	0	0	15
D				13.09.202	17.10.202		13.11.202	30.11.202	
Reserve				0	0	35	0	0	18
D				13.12.202	18.12.202				
Reserve				0	0	6			
TOTAL TPP									
A			89			222			103

Tab. 1.12 Planning the repairs for TPP Kosova A

Tab. 1.13 Planning the repairs for TPP Kosova B

ТРР	Ger	nerator B1		Generator B2				
KOSOVA B	From	То	Days	From	То	Days		
Revision				01.10.2020	09.10.2020	9		
Revision								
Repair	13.04.2020	31.12.2020	263	09.03.2020	12.04.2020	35		
TOTAL TPP B			263			44		

1.6 TRANSMISSION NETWORK DATA

Tab. 1.14 The data for transmission capacities(lines)

Voltage Level	Total Length km
400 KV	279.5
220 KV	240.8
110 KV	892.5

Tab. 1.15 The data for transformation capacities



BILANCI VJETOR I ENERGJISË ELEKTRIKE DHE TERMIKE PËR VITIN 2020

Voltage level kV/kV	Number of transformers	Installed capacity MVA
400/220	3 x 400	1200
400/110	4 x 300	1200
220/110	9 x 150	1350
220/35	2 x 160	320
220/35/10(20)	2x40	80
220/10(20)	2x40	80
110/35/10(20)	61	2160



1.7 PLANNING THE REPAIR OF INTERCONNECTION LINES AND IMPORTANT LINES FOR INTERCONNECTION

No	Line	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October
1	LP 437/2 SS Peja 3-SS Ribarevina		21-24 dhe 27						
2	LP 205/2 SS Podujeva-SS Krushevci			11-22					
3	LP 407 SS Kosova B-SS Nishi 2				16-19				
4	LP 420/2 SS Ferizaj 2-SS Shkupi 5				22	6			
5	LP 2303 SS Prizreni 2-HPP Fierzë			6-8				8-9	
6	LP 400 kV SS Kosova B-SS Komani		7-8				31		
7	LP 437/1 SS Kosova B-SS Peja 3			25-28					
8	LP 420/1 SS Kosova B-SS Ferizaj 2					8-10			
9	LP 205/1 SS Kosova B-SS Podujeva		14-17						
10	LP SSH Drenasi-SS Drenasi 1		28						
11	LP 293/2 SS Prizreni 2-SS Drenasi 1							1-4	

Tab. 1.16 Planning the repair of interconnection lines and important lines for interconnection

The interconnection lines repair plan for 2020 has been harmonized with the regional TSOs in the second half of November 2019 at the meeting of the regional working group OPC (Outage Planning Coordination).



1.8 INDICATORS OF THERMAL POWER PLANTS ENERGY EFFICIENCY

- Improve the quality of coal;
- Reduction of specific coal costs in TPPA and TPPB ton/MWh;
- Reduction of TPPA, TPPB and Mines own electricity consumption;
- Reduction of specific fuel costs lit/MWh in TPPA and heavy fuel oil ton/MWh at TPPB by reducing unplanned failures;
- Delivery of replacement parts of adequate quality;
- Maintenance and operation at the required technical level;
- Perform quality and timely repairs.

Content of mining coal:

- Low thermal capacity 6700 9210 kJ/kg, projecting value 7325.5 kJ/kg
- Content of ash 14 21 %
- Content of humidity 38 47 %
- Content of sulphur during combustion is 0.3 %

The calculation of efficiency coefficient at the entry shall be:

- Calculation of the value of coal thermal capacity 7325 kJ/kg
- Specific consumption of coal in TPP Kosova A hsq=1.52 ton/MWh at the generator
- Specific consumption of coal in TPP Kosova B hsq= 1.267 ton/MWh at the generator

Calculating the energy efficiency coefficient of Thermal Power Plants Kosova A and Kosova B

TPP Kosova A η = 7325 * 1.52=11134 kJ/kWh

Ef =Ed / η^* 100% = 3600 / 11134 = 32.34 %

Ed=3600 kcal/kWh- specific electric energy

 η - average specific energy of the coal at the entry (thermal)

TPP Kosova B	η = 7325 * 1.267 = 9280 kJ/kWh
	Ef = Ed / η^* 100% = 3600 / 9280 = 38,79 %



2 THERMAL ENERGY ANNUAL BALANCE 2020

2.1 DH TERMOKOS

2.1.1 Thermal Energy System

DH "Termokos" JSC is the only supplier of thermal energy (district heating) in Prishtina. In addition to district heating, DH "Termokos" JSC also provides central heating system maintenance services to its customers. The demand for district heating provided by DH "Termokos" JSC is extremely high. This is due to the fact that DH "Termokos" JSC offers quality heating, 24 hours throughout the entire heating season, at a cheaper price than other heating alternatives.

Currently, DH "Termokos" JSC provides district heating to 13,700 customers (of which 12,427 are household customers and 1,273 commercial and institutional customers), while the number of potential customers expected to be included in DH Termokos district heating system for the 2019/2020 season is approximately 945 customers (of which 715 household customers and 230 commercial and institutional customers). DH "Termokos" JSC covers the heating demand of existing customers by not fully utilizing the existing capacity. This leads to the conclusion that DH "Termokos" JSC can provide district heating for new customers, of similar categories to existing customers, namely, a customer base with an approximate combination to the profile of household and commercial and institutional customers.

2.1.2 Thermal Energy Production Capacities

The basic unit of thermal energy production is TPP Kosova B, through the cogeneration system. The installed capacity is 140 MW_{TH} , while the operational capacity is estimated to be 137.48 MW_{TH} . For the production of thermal energy, steam is extracted from the PM rate of both turbines at this power plant. The exchange of steam/water energy takes place at the power extraction station - HES, through two exchangers with a capacity of 70MW_{TH}. This station is close to TPP Kosovo B, and is entirely managed by Termokos.

Termokos also possesses its own thermal energy production capacities, heavy fuel oil boilers, which were used before the cogeneration system became operational. These generating units are operational and can be used in specific cases (covering energy demand at peak load, and in case of power cuts by KEK - TPP Kosovo B).

BILANCI VJETOR I ENERGJISË ELEKTRIKE DHE TERMIKE PËR VITIN 2020

Njesia gjeneruese	Kapaciteti instal.	η (%)	Kapaciteti operativ	Lënda djeg.	Konsl.d. Kg/MWh	Viti i prodh/ins	Vendi
Sistemi i kogjen. TC Kosova B	2x70= 140 M W _{TH}	98	137.48 MW _{TH}	Linjit	-	2014	TC Kosova B
	$2x58 = 116 M W_{TH}$	85	98.6 MW _{TH}	Mazut	105	1978	Termokos
Kaldaja me ujë të nxehtë	2 x 7 = 14 M W _{TH}	90	12.6 MW _{TH}	Dizel	96	1983	Ngroh.eQKUK
	4 MW _{TH}	90	3.6 MW _{TH}	Mazut	96	2003	Termokos
Total kapac. Ngrohtores	134 MW _{TH}	85.6	114.8 MW _{TH}	-	-	-	-
Total kapacit. gjenerues	274 MW _{TH}	92	252.28 MW _{TH}	-	-	-	-

Tab. 2.1 Capacities of thermal energy production plants – DH Termokos

The thermal power transmission network from TPP KOSOVA B to the power station - HRS at DH Termokos is 10.5 km long.

2.1.3 Distribution Network- DH Termokos

The primary distribution network with an 82 km pipeline length and a water capacity of about 3,500 m³, was installed mainly in the 1970s in the urbanized part of Prishtina. Despite investments especially in recent years, about 60% of the network is with pre-insulated young pipes whereas the rest with amortized pipes.

Tub. 2.2 Multi characteristics of printary distribution network- Dir remotos							
c	Distribution network and su	ubstations DH Termokos					
Number of substations	Length of the network- pipeline (km)	Number of meters at thermal substations					
475 total (465 active and 10 passive)	82	From 465 active substations, in 339 substations are placed the meters which are functional, whereas in 126 substations (mainly small capacity substations and passive substations) there is no meter or is not operational.					

Tab. 2.2 Main characteristics of primary distribution network- DH Termokos

2.1.4 Planning of thermal energy system development – DH Termokos

Termokos bases its long-term plans for thermal energy production on the cogeneration system, as a safe, economically advantageous and convenient source in terms of environmental protection. The current capacity of 140 MW_{TH} (2x70 MW_{TH}) and the transmission capacity of the thermal conductors



(Thermal Power Transmission Network) TPP Kosovo B - Termokos of 160 MW, are limiting factors for greater energy extraction.

In the upcoming years, major investments are expected in the rehabilitation and expansion of the distribution network, which results in the increase of the heating area connected to Termokos district heating system. The details are shown in the following table:

Year	Investments/ mil €	Expansion of the area m2	Current connected area	Total connected area
2019	1-2.5	40,000	1,294,249	1,334,249
2020	2.5-3	100,000	1,334,249	1,434,249
Total 2018/2019	2.5 - 4	140,000	1,270,798	1,323,913

Tab. 2.3 Scenario 1. Medium Projection - DH Termokos

2.1.5 Forecast of thermal energy demand- DH Termokos

The development projections of DH Termokos district heating system mainly include the plans for expansion of the distribution network and consequently the increase of the customer base/heating area, which are the determining factors for the increase of heat consumption.

Forecasting thermal energy demand can be based on increasing demand/consumption in the last three seasons. In previous seasons (prior to functionality of cogeneration) the supply of heat from DH Termokos was not at an adequate level, so the demand for connection to the district heating system was insignificant.

The number of new customers, in addition to the feasibility of expanding the network in certain parts of the city, is also determined by the energy capacity available from the cogeneration system, which is currently $140MW_{TH}$.

The medium projection (scenario) was taken into account for compiling this balance. As shown in Table 2.3, an increase in the heating area of about 100,000 m² is projected for 2020. This growth forecast is mainly based on the ongoing network rehabilitation and expansion project of the European Commission.

The following table shows the annual planning of demand, respectively the thermal energy supply, divided by months for 2020.

	CUSTOMERS THERMAL ENERGY DEMAND – YEAR 2020									
	Hou	sehold custo	mers	Commerci	al and Institutio	onal Customers		Total customers		
	Heating Area (m²)	Thermal Capacity MW)	Thermal energy amount (MWh)	y Heating Area t (m ²) Thermal Energy Heating Area Thermal Capacity Amount (MWh) (m ²) (MW)				Thermal Energy Amount (MWh)		
January	808,413	73	23,586	570,836	63	25,551	1,379,249	136	49,137	
February	808,413	73	19,164	570,836	63	20,761	1,379,249	136	39,924	
March	808,413	73	17,690	570,836	63	19,164	1,379,249	136	36,855	
April	808,413	73	6,486	570,836	63	7,026	1,379,249	136	13,512	
October	838,413	75	7,371	580,836	64	7,985	1,419,249	139	15,355	
November	838,413	75	19,164	585,836	64	20,761	1,424,249	140	39,925	
December	838,413	75	23,586	595,836	66	25,552	1,434,249	141	49,138	
Total/Ave	821,270	74	117,046	577,978	64	126,800	1,399,249	137	243,846	

Tab. 2.4 Forecast of thermal energy demand -	DH Termokos in 2020
----------------------------------------------	---------------------

The following table shows the planned demand for thermal energy including network losses.

Tab. 2.5 Forecast of thermal	energy demand plus	network losses in 2020
------------------------------	--------------------	------------------------

THERMAL ENERGY DEMAND (CUSTOMERS DEMAND PLUS NETWORK LOSSES)- YEAR 2020									
Description	January	February	March	April	October	Novemver	December	Total	
Thermal energy customers demand (MWh)	49,136.92	39,924.43	36,854.56	13,511.93	15,355.25	39,924.91	49,137.64	243,845.64	
Quantitative losses in distribution network (MWh)	3,512.90	2,881.16	2,668.67	999.51	1,126.14	2,880.20	3,360.68	17,429.27	
Total consumption demand plus losses (MWh)	52,649.82	42,805.59	39,523.23	14,511.44	16,481.39	42,805.11	52,498.33	261,274.91	

2.1.6 Forecast of network losses- DH Termokos

Network losses include losses in the thermal energy transmission network (TPP Kosovo B - DH Termokos) and in the thermal energy distribution network.

Losses in thermal energy transmission network TPP Kosova B - DH Termokos, are expected to be 2% or 5,206 MWh.

In 2020, the distribution network foresees a loss rate of 6.7%, which represents an average reduction of the loss rate of 0.10% compared to the previous year season.

It is expected that the execution of the ongoing network rehabilitation and expansion project of European Commission will have an impact in the reduction of losses in the distribution network - a number of network segments are completed in 2019 whereas the other segments are planned to be completed by 2020.

The table below presents the details on the losses in transmission network (cogeneration, TPP Kosovo B - DH Termokos) and the losses in distribution network for 2020.



BILANCI VJETOR I ENERGJISË ELEKTRIKE DHE TERMIKE PËR VITIN 2020

Month	Quantitative Losses in Transmission network	Losses in transmission network (%)	Quantitative Losses in Transmission Network (MWh _{TH})	Distribution Network Losses (%)	Total Network Losses (MWh _{тн})	Total Network Losses (%)
Janar	1049	2.0%	3,513	6.7%	4,562	8.7%
Shkurt	856	2.0%	2,881	6.7%	3737	8.7%
Mars	792	2.0%	2,669	6.7%	3,461	8.7%
Prill	294	2.0%	999	6.7%	1293	8.7%
Tetor	332	2.0%	1,126	6.7%	1,458	8.7%
Nëntor	857	2.0%	2,880	6.7%	3,737	8.7%
Dhjetor	1026	2.0%	3,361	6.7%	4,387	8.7%
Total	5,206	2.0%	17,429	6.7%	22,635	8.7%

Tab. 2.6 Losses in thermal energy transmission and distribution network – DH Termokos in 2020

2.1.7 Thermal Energy Production- DH Termokos

The planning for thermal energy production is generally evaluated to cover the forecast thermal energy demand (consumption). In addition to this, the planning for thermal power production also reflects network losses as well as energy efficiency.

As stated above, DH Termokos bases its thermal energy production on the cogeneration plants at TPP Kosova B with a nominal capacity of $140MW_{TH}$. However, DH Termokos has its own reserve production capacity with a nominal capacity of $134 MW_{TH}$, which are planned to be used only for short periods of time, only in the event of unplanned outages of cogeneration plants in TPP Kosova B. Forecast gross production from DH Termokos heating plant is 6,819 MWh_{TH} taking into account boiler efficiency of 85%, while gross thermal energy production from cogeneration plants, as the main generator, is much greater, namely 260,284 MWh_{TH}.

The table below presents the annual forecasts (for 2020) of gross thermal energy production from cogeneration and from the production capacities of the heating plant.

Gross Production of Thermal Energy	
Thermal Energy Production from Cogeneration-TPP Kosova B (MWh $_{TH}$)	260,284
Thermal energy production at the heating plant (MWh $_{ extsf{TH}}$)	6,819
Total gross production (MWh _{TH})	267,103

The following table presents the data for gross and net thermal energy production by months for 2020.



BILANCI VJETOR I ENERGJISË ELEKTRIKE DHE TERMIKE PËR VITIN 2020

Tab. 2.8 Gross and net thermal energy production by months - DH Termokos in 2020

THERMAL ENERGY PRODUCTION -YEAR 2020								
Description/Month	January	February	March	April	October	November	December	Total/Average
Energy from fuel (MWh)	1,337	1,337	1,337	669	669	1,337	1,337	8,023
Thermal efficiency of production plants at the heating (%)	85%	85%	85%	85%	85%	85%	85%	85%
Gross production in the production plants at the heating (MWh)	1,137	1,137	1,137	568	568	1,137	1,137	6,820
Gross Production in the cogeneration plant (if applicable)	52,455	42,823	39,598	14,677	16,606	42,816	51,308	260,284
Total gross production of thermal energy (MWh)	53,592	43,960	40,734	15,246	17,174	43,952	52,445	267,103
Quantitative losses in transmission network (if applicable) (MWh)	1,049	856	792	294	332	856	1,026	5,206
Own consumption (MWh)	112	101	112	34	34	108	122	623
Net production of thermal energy (MWh)	52,431	43,002	39,831	14,918	16,808	42,988	51,296	261,275

2.1.8 Thermal Energy Annual Balance- DH Termokos

Tab. 2.9 Thermal Energy	Annual Balance	. DH Termokos in	2020
TUD. 2.9 THEITHUL EHELYY	AIIIIUUI DUIUIICE -		2020

Nr.	Description	Unit	Amount
1	Energy from fuel - heavy fuel oil	(MWh _{TH})	8,023
2	Thermal efficiency of the production plants at the Heating	(%)	85%
3	Gross production of thermal energy in production plants at the Heating	(MWh _{TH})	6,820
4	Gross production of thermal energy in cogeneration plants	(MWh _{TH})	260,284
5	Total gross production of thermal energy	(MWh _{TH})	267,103
6	Quantitative losses in transport network (cogeneration network)	(MWh _{TH})	5,206
7	Share of losses in transport network	(%)	2.0%
8	Own consumption	(MWh _{TH})	623
9	Net production of thermal energy/thermal energy entering the distribution network	(MWh _{TH})	261,275
10	Quantitative Losses in distribution network	(MWh _{TH})	17,429
11	Share of losses in distribution network	(%)	6.7%
12	Thermal energy supply	(MWh _{TH})	243,846
13	Fuel consumption	(ton)	710
14	Heating area - the annual average	m ²	1,399,249
15	Number of thermal substations (active / passive)	-	465/10
16	Installed production capacity	MW	274
17	Length of network pipeline	km	82



2.2 DH GJAKOVA

2.2.1 Thermal Energy System

District Heating JSC in Gjakova provides district heating services operating in the public, commercial and household sector in the city of Gjakova.

Due to the high cost of fuel - the fuel oil – for operation of boilers, which presents difficulties in the financial aspect, DH Gjakova offers a reduced supply. A normal and independent operation can be achieved by changing the fuel regarding which a new heating plant and thermal cogeneration unit is being planned to be build, which will be funded by European Commission funds, as part of the IPA II program (2015).

2.2.2 Thermal Energy Production Capacities

District Heating JSC Gjakova has two boilers with a total installed capacity of 38.6 MW_{TH} utilizing heavy fuel oil; technical characteristics as follows:

				-	-	
Production Unit	Year of Entry into Operation	Thermal Installed Capacity (MW)	Available Thermal Capacity (MW)	Thermal Efficiency (%)	Type of fuel	Fuel Consumption (kg/ MWh)
Kaldaja 1 VKLM-16 TPK Zagreb	1981	18.6	13.02	70%	Mazut	130.50
Kaldaja 1 VKLM-20 TPK Zagreb	1994	20	14.8	74%	Mazut	113.75
Total		38.6	27.82	72%		122.125

Boilers are very amortized with frequent technical defects that create difficulties in operation. Particularly problematic are the economizer pipes, whose frequent leakage is one of the main causes of low thermal efficiency, namely large production losses.

2.2.3 Distribution Network- DH Gjakova

Distribution Network of District Heating JSC in Gjakova is divided into two branches, as shown in the table below.

	Old Network	New Network
Orientation	Northern part	Southern part
Direction	From the Primary School Zekeria Rexha	From City Hospital
Year of commencement	1980	2001
Type of network	Classic- in concrete channel	With preinsulated pipes

Tab. 2.11 Distribution network characteristics – DH Gjakova



Heat Supply is carried out by indirect heating system (through heat exchangers in thermal substations).

The network system is two-pipes-indirect; based on recent feasibility study it is estimated that the primary distribution network is approximately 15.5 km long track/31 km pipeline. The total number of substations is 302, while there are currently 180 active thermal substations.

2.2.4 Forecast of thermal energy system development – DH Gjakova

DH Gjakova bases its long-term thermal energy production plans in the current project, which is in the final phase of obtaining the relevant permits and commencing construction for the new heating plant that also includes the biomass fueled cogeneration unit. This project will have an impact on creating a safe, economically advantageous and suitable resource in terms of environmental protection. Current production capacities planned under the current project are:

- Units (boilers) for the production of thermal energy only with a nominal capacity of 2 x 5.5 MW_{TH};
- Electricity and thermal energy cogeneration unit with capacities of 1.2 MW_{EL} and 4MW_{TH};

As the project implementation plan has been postponed due to the procedures, the completion of works for the new heater is expected by the end of 2020, therefore during 2020 it is planned that the production of thermal energy will be based on existing boilers with heavy fuel oil.

As a follow-up activity to the project for the new heating plant, significant investments in the heating network, rehabilitation and extension of the network are expected in the upcoming years, which will result in the expansion of the customer base, respectively, the increase of the heating area connected to the central heating system of DH Gjakova.

However, in 2020 some emergency repairs to boilers/heaters shall be undertaken in order to increase the thermal efficiency of the boilers as well as in the distribution network in order to increase the thermal efficiency of the boilers, respectively to reduce network losses. A small increase in the heating area of about 7,000 m² is also planned - details are shown in the following table:

Year	Current Heating Area (m2)	Expansion of Heating Area (m2)	Total Connected Heating Area (m2)		
2019	80,000	-	80,000		
2020	80,000	7,000	87,000		

Tab. 2.12 Planned expansion of heating area – DH Gjakova in 2020



2.2.5 Forecast of thermal energy demand – DH Gjakova

Long-term development projections of DH Gjakova district heating system for thermal energy production are mainly based on the current project for the new heating plant that includes the cogeneration unit with biomass fuel. Also, these development projections include plans for rehabilitation of the existing network and expansion of the distribution network. This will affect the return of customers (currently "passive") and increase the customer base, and consequently increase the heating area, which are the determining factors for the increase of heat consumption. Also, development projections will affect the reduction of losses in the network and in the system in general.

However, as noted above, due to the dynamic plan for implementation of the new heating project which is expected to be completed in December 2020, a reduced supply is foreseen this year reflecting the limited opportunities for the provision of heavy fuel oil and consequently even limited production of thermal energy.

2.2.6 Details on the forecast of long-term demand – DH Gjakova

Forecast of demand is mainly based on limited financial opportunities for ensuring the provision of fuel, and consequently reduced production and supply. However, a very small increase in the number of customers is planned (switching the status from passive to active). So, by 2020 a very small increase in the heating area of only about 7,000 m2 is foreseen (table 2.12 above).

The following table shows the	annual planning o	f demand, respectively	y the supply of thermal energy.

	THERMAL ENERGY CUSTOMER DEMAND – YEAR 2020											
	Hous	ehold Cust	omers	Com. a	nd Ins. Cus	tomers	То	ers				
	Heating Area (m²)	Thermal Capacity (MW)	Thermal Energy Amount (MWh)	Heating Area (m²)	Thermal Capacity (MW)	Thermal Energy Amount (MWh)	Heating Area (m²)	Thermal Capacity (MW)	Thermal Energy Amount (MWh)			
January	34,5 34	3.45	753	45,1 00	5.41	1,031	79,6 34	8.87	1,784			
February	34,5 34	3.45	736	45,1 00	5.41	884	79,6 34	8.87	1,620			
March	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
April	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
October	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
November	35,1 00	3.51	230	52,0 00	6.24	427	87,1 00	9.75	657			
December	35,1 00	3.51	566	52,0 00	6.24	941	87,1 00	9.75	1,507			
Total	34,8	3.48	2,285	48,5	5.83	3,283	83,3	9.31	5,568			

Tab. 2.13 Forecast of thermal energy supply/demand - DH Gjakova in 2020



As shown in the table, in order to use heavy fuel oil more rationally, a reduction in supply is foreseen in the few months of the warmest season. In March, April and October it is not planned the provision of thermal power supply, while in November it is planned the supply only in the second half of this month - due to insufficient amount of available fuel.

The following table presents the thermal energy planned demand including network losses.

THERMAL ENERGY DEMAND (CUSTOMER DEMAND PLUS NETWORK LOSSES) – YEAR 2020									
Description	January	February	March	April	October	vember	cember	Total	
Customer Demand for Thermal Energy (MWh)	1,784	1,620	-	-	-	657	1,507	5,568	
Total amount of network losses (MWh)	446	405	-	-	-	164	377	1,392	
Total customer demand plus losses (MWh)	2,230	2,025	-	-	-	821	1,884	6,960	

Tab. 2.14 Forecast of thermal energy demand plus network losses in 2020

2.2.7 Forecast of network losses- DH Gjakova

In 2020 the level of losses in the distribution network is estimated to be around 20%, more specifically the quantitative losses in the network are expected to be 1,392 MWh_{TH} , which is mainly due to the obsolete pipes network (in the northeast part of the city), water leakage in pipelines etc.

In 2020, emergency repairs and rehabilitation of the most damaged parts of the network are planned to be undertaken, i.e. preventive measures so that the situation does not become more deteriorated, respectively to not exceed this projected level of network losses.

The following table presents annual forecasts by months for quantitative losses and share of losses in the distribution network.

NETWORK LOSSES - YEAR 2020									
Description	January	February	March	April	October	November	December	Total/Ave rage	
Quantitative losses in transmission network (if applicable) (MWh)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Share of losses in transmission network (%)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Quantitative losses in distribution network (MWh)	445.80	404.80	-	-	-	164.20	376.80	1,391.60	
Share of losses in distribution network (%)	20.00%	20.00%	-	-	-	20.00%	20.00%	20.00%	
Total quantitative losses in the network (MWh)	445.80	404.80	-	-	-	164.20	376.80	1,391.60	
Share of total losses in the network(%)	20.00%	20.00%	-	-	-	20.00%	20.00%	20.00%	

Tab. 2.15 Forecast of losses in distribution network - DH Gjakova in 2020



2.2.8 Forecast of net and gross production of thermal energy – DH Gjakova

Given that the operation of old boilers with heavy fuel oil will continue in 2020 as well, due to the high price, the provision of heavy fuel oil will largely depend on subsidies from the Kosovo Budget. Therefore, the forecast of thermal energy production is mainly based on limited financial opportunities for provision of fuel and consequently there will be reduced production.

Also, the planning for thermal energy production in 2020 also reflects network losses as well as the thermal efficiency of boilers. The table below shows the forecast of gross and net thermal energy production, by months for 2020.

THERMAL ENERGY PRODUCTION - year 2020								
Description/Month	January	February	March	April	Octobe	November	Decembe	Total/Ave
Energy from fuel (MWh)	3,267	2,945	-	-	-	1,258	2,754	10,224
Thermal Efficiency of the production plants at the heating (%)	72%	72%	-	-	-	72%	72%	72%
Gross production at the production plant at the heating (MWh)	2,352	2,120	-	-	-	906	1,983	7,361
Gross production in cogeneration plants (if appliacble) (MWh)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Gross Production of Thermal Energy (MWh)	2,352	2,120	-	-	-	906	1,983	7,361
Quantitative losses in transmission network (if applicable) (MWh)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Own-consumption (MWh)	121	96	-	-	-	85	99	401
Net production of thermal energy (MWh)	2,231	2,024	-	-	-	821	1,884	6,960

Tab. 2.16 Forecast of gross and net thermal energy production - DH Gjakova in 2020

2.2.9 Thermal Energy Annual Balance – DH Gjakova

Tab. 2.17 Thermal Energy Annual Balance – Gjakova 2020



BILANCI VJETOR I ENERGJISË ELEKTRIKE DHE TERMIKE PËR VITIN 2020

GENERAL THERMAL ENERGY BALANCE - YEAR 2020							
No.	Description	Unit	Value				
1	Energy from fuel- heavy fuel oil	(MWh _{TH})	10,224				
2	Thermal efficiency of production plants at the Heating	(%)	72%				
3	Gross production of thermal energy in theproduction plants at the Heating	(MWh _{TH})	7,361				
4	Gross Production of Thermal Energy at the cogeneration plant	(MWh _{TH})	-				
5	Total gross production of thermal energy	(MWh _{TH})	7,361				
6	Quantitative losses in transmission network (cogeneration network)	(MWh _{TH})	-				
7	Share of losses in transmission network	(%)	-				
8	Own-consumption	(MWh _{TH})	401				
9	Net production of thermal energy/energy entering the distribution network	(MWh _{TH})	6,960				
10	Quantitative losses at the distribution network	(MWh _{TH})	1,392				
11	Share of losses in distribution network	(%)	20.00%				
12	Demand/ thermal energy supply	(MWh _{TH})	5,568				
13	Fuel consumption	(ton)	900				
14	Heating Area	m²	87,120				
15	Number of thermal substations (passive/active)	-	302/180				
16	Installed Production Capacity	MW	38.6				
17	Length of pipeline network	km	31				

2.3 Thermal Energy General Annual Balance 2020

Tab. 2.18 Thermal energy general balance 2020

No.	Description	Unit	DH Termokos	DH Gjakova	Total -Sector
1	Energy from fuel - Heavy fuel oil	(MWh _{TH})	8,023	10,224	18,247
2	Gross production of thermal energy in production plant	(MWh _{TH})	6,820	7,361	14,181
3	Gross production of thermal energy in cogeneration plants	(MWh _{TH})	260,284	-	260,284
4	Total gross production of thermal energy	(MWh _{TH})	267,103	7,361	274,465
5	Quantitative losses in transmission network (cogeneration network)	(MWh _{TH})	5,206	-	5,206
6	Share of losses in transmission network	(%)	2.00%	-	2.00%
7	Own-consumption	(MWh _{TH})	623	401	1,024
8	Net production of thermal energy/ thermal energy entering the distribution systemeters and the second statemeters and the second statemet	(MWh _{TH})	261,275	6,960	268,235
9	Quantitative Losses in Distribution Network	(MWh _{TH})	17,429	1,392	18,821
10	Share of losses in Distribution Network	(%)	6.7%	20.0%	7.0%
11	Thermal Energy Supply	(MWh _{TH})	243,846	5,568	249,414
12	Fuel consumption	(ton)	710	900	1,610
13	Heating Area	m²	1,399,249	87,120	1,486,369
14	Number of thermal substations (active/passive)	-	465/10	302/180	767 / 190
15	Installed Production Capacity	MW_{TH}	274	38.6	312.6
16	Length of network pipeline	km	82	31	113



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